

# **B2 First Writing Part 1**

### Teacher's notes

Aims of the lesson	to familiarise students with Part 1 of the Writing paper and give them practice at planning an essay
Time needed	50 minutes
Materials required	<ul><li>worksheet 1</li><li>sample Part 1 question</li></ul>

### **Procedure**

**1.** As a warmer, write on the board:

**Environmental problems** 

**Solutions** 

and elicit some environmental problems and possible solutions to these problems (for example: problem = too many cars; solution = provide better public transport).

- 2. Tell students that they're going to look at the Part 1 task from the B2 First writing paper. Give out worksheet one and let students work in pairs to read through the questions in Exercise 1 they can have a guess at the answers if they like as this will show what they already know about the test.
- **3.** Give out the sample task. Students continue to work in pairs to complete the exercise. Go through the answers.
- **4.** Focus on the fact that students have to write about the two points in the question and they then need to add their own point. Elicit how students could structure their essays. There are different ways of structuring an essay, but one way that works well for this type of question is:

Paragraph 1	introduction
Paragraph 2	point one – problem + solution
Paragraph 3	point two – problem + solution
Paragraph 4	point three – problem + solution
Paragraph 5	conclusion



- 5. On the table in their worksheet (Exercise 2) get students to fill in the right hand column by making some notes about the reasons for the problem and potential ways of solving the problem. Monitor and help students.
- 6. Now explain to students that they are going to look at some candidate answers to the question, but before they do so, they are going to look at how the examiners mark the writing. On the board write: Content, Communicative Achievement, Organisation and Language and elicit from students what they think these things mean. Then get them to do Exercise 3 on the worksheet (matching definitions to each area). Go through answers.
- 7. Now ask students to look at the candidate answers to the sample question and to put them in order, with the strongest answer first. When they do this, they can think about how each candidate has done in each area (although this won't be looked at in detail, it may help them to assess the answers). Let students read and order the answers individually and then compare with a partner.
- **8.** Go through the answers and get feedback from students about why they ordered the answers in the way they did. If you want to look in more detail at the marking, examiner comments and a breakdown of the marks are available in the B2 First Sample material on the website.
- **9.** As a follow up, or for homework, let students use the plans they have made to write their own essay.



## B2 First Writing Paper: Part 1- answer key

### Worksheet 1- exercise 1

- 1. In the exam, do you have to do this question? yes, it's compulsory
- 2. How many words do you have to write? 140 190 words
- 3. Who are you writing the essay for? your teacher
- 4. How many ideas must you write about? at least three
- 5. Which two ideas must you include? transport rivers and seas
- 6. You need to provide the third idea yourself. Think of at least two ideas.

e.g. factories and the pollution they make alternative energy – solar power

### Worksheet 1-exercise 3

1C, 2D, 3B, 4A

## Ordering candidate answers

C is the best answer as it fully answers the question and displays a good range of language

A is the second-best answer – it is marginally better than B due to the content

В



# B2 First Writing Paper: Part 1-Student's worksheet 1

**Exercise 1** – Look at the Part 1 task and answer the following questions:

- 1. In the exam, do you have to do this question?
- 2. How many words do you have to write?
- 3. Who are you writing the essay for?
- 4. How many ideas must you write about?
- 5. Which two ideas must you include?
- 6. You need to provide the third idea yourself. Think of at least two ideas.

## Exercise 2 - Essay Plan

	Reasons for Problem and Solution
A. Introduction	
B. Idea 1 – transport	
C. Idea 2 – rivers and seas	
D. Idea 3 –	
E. Conclusion	



# Exercise 3 - Examiner mark scheme

1. Content	A. Is there a good range of vocabulary and grammatical structures?
2. Communicative Achievement	<b>B.</b> Is the essay easy to follow? Is it in a logical order?
3. Organisation	C. Did the candidate cover all the points? Is everything about the topic?
4. Language	<b>D.</b> Does the candidate get his/her message across to the reader?



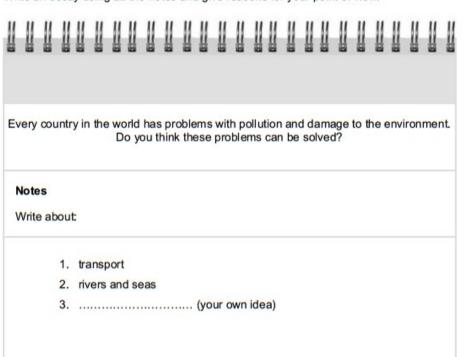
# B2 First Writing Paper: Part 1- sample task

### Part 1

You **must** answer this question. Write your answer in **140 – 190** words in an appropriate style on the separate answer sheet.

In your English class you have been talking about the environment. Now, your English teacher has asked you to write an essay.

Write an essay using all the notes and give reasons for your point of view.





### Candidate A

fo begin with pollution and damage to the environment is the most serious and difficult problem for countries of all over the world. Scient ists of different countries predict a global ecocat ast rophe if people won't change their attitude to our planet.

Fir st of all a huge damage to the environment brings at ransport. People can't imagine their living without cars, buses, trains, ships and planes. But it is an open secret that one of disadvantage of these accust omed things is harmful exhaust. Needless t o say that use of environment friendly engines helps us to save at mosphere from pollution.

In addit ion t o t his our rivers and seas are in not less danger sit uat ion. It 's a fact of common knowledge t hat numer ous factories and plant s pour off t heir waste to ponds. Obviously t hat cleaning manufact uring wat er help5 t o avoid extinct ion of ocea n t esident t.

Apart from this important problem. Doing a lit t le st eps for protect ion our environment every day we will be able to save our Earth. And it is a task of each of us

#### Candidate B

It hink that my country has problems with pollution to the environment like all of the countries. This problem is normal for Russia. We have big problems with transport because of there are too much car5 in our country. And because of that we have problems with at mospeer, air in my city and in all Russia is really dirty and sometimes I can't make a sigh because it smells around me and of coursearound that cars on the road. I've heard about tradition of one country. They don't go any where by car one day a month or a year, they just use by cicle or their feet. It hink it could be very good if we had a tradition like that.

So, what about the rivers and the seas? Yeah, there are so mereally good and clean rivers and seas where you can go. but there are not many of them. Once I saw the river OB in my city, it was about two years ago but I stil remember that in some place5 it was not blue, it was green or purple I didn't really understand because it had different colourn.

I don't know what should we do. May be we 5hould ju5t open our eyes and look what we did. But Russ ian people don't care about the world around them many people care only about themselves and hat's all.

So, the best idea is look aroundand try to do somet hing good for our planet and for us and our children.

#### Candi date C

### DEVELOPMENT VS ENVRONMENT

If we surf the web looking for pollution and environmental cat ast rophes, we will find out that every country in the world suffers them. This is a natural consequence of the struggle between development and environment.

If a country decided to live isolated from the rest of the world, living on what it can naturally grow and produce, it surely wouldn't be highly polluted. But we all want exotic food and technological items from all over the world, so we have to pay the price.

Investing on electrical transport would benefit the environment a lot. Even more if this electricity came from a natural source of energy like wind, rivers and solar boards. It is difficult to achieve this because petrol companies will fight against these actions.

We also have t of ake care of our rivers and seas. We all have heard about factories throwing highly toxic substances to rivers, without minimizing their poisoning effects. A really strict law should be applied to fine these factories and make them change their policy.

But what about ourselve? We also can do a lot! If, when possible, we bought larger packs of food, we would be producing le5s rubbi5h. And this is only an example!